# READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

# Agricrop Cameo 500 Flowable Herbicide

**ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 500 g/L ORYZALIN** 



For pre-emergent control of certain annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in non-bearing and bearing fruit and nut orchards, vineyards, nursery stock, ornamentals, amenity plantings, established and newly planted turf and industrial areas and rights of way as specified in the Directions for Use table.

Label:

IMPORTANT: READ THIS LEAFLET BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT

Leaflet:

IMPORTANT: THIS LEAFLET IS PART OF THE LABEL ATTACHED TO THE CONTAINER. READ

THOROUGHLY BEFORE OPENING OR USING THIS PRODUCT.

CONTENTS 5L, 10L, 20L

APVMA Approval No: 60335 / 103365

Distributed by: Agricrop Pty Ltd ABN: 84 100 473 309 255 Port Road HINDMARSH SA 5007 Tel: 07 3348 4113 Fax: 07 3348 2702

# DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN ALL STATES RESTRAINTS

DO NOT use on newly seeded turf areas.

DO NOT use on turf under stress.

DO NOT use on Bent grass or Wintergrass.

DO NOT use on golf greens or bowling greens.

DO NOT apply if forecast heavy rain or storms are likely to cause runoff.

DO NOT irrigate to the point of runoff.

#### **SPRAY DRIFT RESTRAINTS**

DO NOT apply Cameo 500 Flowable Herbicide by fixed wing aircraft unless wind speed is more than 3 kilometres per hour and less than 15 km/hr as measured at the application site and/or the air temperature is above 30°C, or when the wind is blowing towards susceptible crops.

# Aquatic environment

**DO NOT** apply if there are aquatic and wetland areas including aquacultural ponds downwind from the application area and within the **mandatory no-spray zones** shown in Table A below.

Table A- No-Spray Zones for Protection of the Aquatic Environment FOR AERIAL APPLICATION				
Wind Speed Range at Time of Application	Downwind Manda	tory No-Spray Zone		
	Fixed-Wing	Helicopter		
from 3 to 8 kilometres per hour	400 m	250 m		
from 8 to 14 kilometres per hour	650 m	350 m		
from 14 to 20 kilometres per hour	*	450 m		

<sup>\*</sup>Not permitted for fixed wing as this is beyond the model capability to model downwind spray zone of >800 m at the highest wind speed.

# Terrestrial environment

DO NOT apply if there are non-target vegetation or animal habitat downwind from the application area and within the **mandatory no-spray zones** shown in Table B below.

Table B – No-Spray Zones for Protection of the Terrestrial Environment				
FOR AERIAL APPLICATION				
Wind Speed Range at time of Application	Downwind Mand	atory No-Spray Zone		
	Fixed-Wing	Helicopter		
from 3 to 8 kilometres per hour	400 m	250 m		
from 8 to 14 kilometres per hour	600 m	350 m		
from 14 to 20 kilometres per hour	*	400 m		

<sup>\*</sup>Not permitted for fixed wing as this is beyond the model capability to model downwind spray zone of >800 m at the highest wind speed.

Crop Group				Weeds Controlled	Rate /ha	Critical Comments
Banana <sup>1</sup> Grape <sup>2</sup> Pome Fruit	Apple	Pear	(see also non-	Grasses: Barnyard Guinea grass	Short term	See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS DO NOT apply by aircraft or through any type of irrigation equipment.
- Cilio i Taic	7,6010		bearing fruits)	Love grass	control (up to 4	100 NOT
Stonefruit	Apricot	Peach	Nectarine	Paradoxa grass m Pigeon grass 4 Spiny burr grass (Gentle Annie / Innocent Weed)	months)	<sup>1</sup> DO NOT use as a pre-emergent at the time of planting with tissue culture banana planting material. <sup>2</sup> Western Australia only:
	Cherry	Plum & prune			4.5L	
Citrus	Grapefruit	Orange	(see also non- bearing fruits)			
Nuts	Almonds	Pecan	Walnut		Long	Vineyards on medium loam or heavier soil
	Macadamia			Summer grass (Crabgrass 3)	term	types, heavily infested with crabgrass may
Non-bearing	Blackberry	Currant	Raspberry	Broadleaf Weeds:		be sprayed with up to 9.9L/ha of Agricrop
berryfruits	Blueberry	Gooseberry			months)	Cameo 500 and together with pome fruit and all Prunus species on these soils spraying
	Boysenberry	Loganberry			6.8L	all Fruitus species on these solls spraying

Crop Group				Weeds Controlled	Rate /ha	Critical Comments
Non-bearing – fruits including nursery stock of the following:	Avocado Custard apple Feijoa Guava Kiwifruit	Lemon Litchi Mandarin Mango Nashi	Olive Passionfruit Pawpaw Persimmon Rambutan	Deadnettle Fathen Fumitory Portulaca (Pigweed) Sowthistle		can be immediately after transplanting from nurseries providing buds are still dormant and no functional leaves are present.  3 Western Australia only:
Nursery stock and / or seedling stage conifers including species of the following genus:	Abies (fir trees) Chamaecyparis (Lawson and False cypress) Cryptomeria cupressus (cypress) Junperus (Junipers)	Picea (Spruces) Pinnus (pine) Platycladus orientalis (oriental arborvitae) Podocarpus	Pseudotsuga menziessii (Douglas fir or Oregon pine) Sequoia sempervirens (Coastal redwood) Taxus cuspidata (Japanese yew) Thuja	Wireweed (Hogweed)  Brassica species:  Blackberry nightshade Caltrop Paddy melon Silverleaf nightshade		Apply early in summer for crabgrass (Digitaria sanguinalis) control and incorporation with overhead irrigation.  4 Control of these weeds may range from poor to excellent depending upon soil temperature, time of germination, depth of weed seed in the soil and amount and timing of soil moisture.

Crop Group				Weeds Controlled	Rate /ha	Critical Comments
Nursery stock, ornamentals and amenity plantings comprising of the following:	Australian native space Acacia (wattles) Agonis (WA peppermint, Willow (or Honey) myrtle) Allocasuarina Banksia Boronia Callistemon (bottlebrush) Callitris (Cypress pine) Calytrix Cassia	Casuarina (Oaks and sheoak) Chamelaucium uncinatum (Geraldton wax) Clematis Correa Eriostemon myoporoides (Wax flower) Eucalyptus	Grevillea Hakea Hardenbergia (sarsaparilla) Hibbertia Kennedia Lechenaultia Leptospermum and Melaleuca (tea trees) Prostanthera (mintbush) Thryptomene Westringia	Grasses: Barnyard Guinea grass Love grass Pigeon grass Paradoxa grass Spiny burr grass (Gentle Annie / Innocent Weed) Summer grass (Crabgrass 3)  Broadleaf Weeds: Deadnettle Fathen Fumitory Portulaca (Pigweed) Sowthistle Wireweed (Hogweed)  Brassica species: 4 Blackberry nightshade Caltrop Paddy melon Silverleaf nightshade	Short term control (up to 4 months) 4.5L  Long term control (6-8 months) 6.8L	See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS DO NOT apply by aircraft or through any type of irrigation equipment.  3 Western Australia only: Apply early in summer for crabgrass (Digitaria sanguinalis) control and incorporation with overhead irrigation.  4 Control of these weeds may range from poor to excellent depending upon soil temperature, time of germination, depth of weed seed in the soil and amount and timing of soil moisture.

Crop Group			Weeds Controlled	Rate /ha	Critical Comments	
Nursery stock, ornamentals and amenity plantings comprising of the following:	Exotic species of the Abelia Acalypha Acer (maples) Arctostaphylos Ardisia Azalea Baccharis (groundsel bush) Bauhinia Berberis (barberry) Betula (birch tree) Bignonia Buxus (box) Calluna Camellia Ceanothus Cistus Clyostoma Coleonema Coprosma Cotoneaster Cuphea Cytisus (broom) Dodonea (hopbush) Erica (heath) Escallonia Euonymus Eutaxia Fatshedera	Fuschia Felicia Gardenia Gingko Hibiscus Ilex Jasminum Justicia Kalmia Koelreuteria Lagenaria Lagerstroemia Lantana Lavendula (lavender) Leucodendron Leucothoe Ligustrum Liquidambar Liriope Lonicera (honeysuckle) Magnolia Mahonia Malus Metrosideros Monstera Myrtus Nandina Nerium (oleander) Osmanthus	Parahebe Philadelphus Philodendron Phoenix Photinia Pieris Pittosporum Populus (poplar) Prunus Pseudopanax Pyracantha Quercus Raphiolepis Rhododendron Rosa (roses) Rosemarinus (rosemary) Russelia Spiraea Syringa Syzygium Taxus Trachelospermum (Rhymncospermum) Umbellularia Viburnum Washintonia Weigela Xylosma Yucca	Grasses: Barnyard Guinea grass Love grass Paradoxa grass Spiny burr grass (Gentle Annie / Innocent Weed) Summer grass (Crabgrass ³)  Broadleaf Weeds: Deadnettle Fathen Fumitory Portulaca (Pigweed) Sowthistle Wireweed (Hogweed)  Brassica species: 4 Blackberry nightshade Caltrop Paddy melon Silverleaf nightshade	Short term control (up to 4 months) 4.5L  Long term control (6-8 months) 6.8L	See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS DO NOT apply by aircraft or through any type of irrigation equipment.  3 Western Australia only: Apply early in summer for crabgrass (Digitaria sanguinalis) control and incorporation with overhead irrigation.  4 Control of these weeds may range from poor to excellent depending upon soil temperature, time of germination, depth of weed seed in the soil and amount and timing of soil moisture.

Crop Group		Weeds Controlled	Rate /ha	Critical Comments
Tea-Tree Oil plantations <sup>5</sup>	Tea-Tree (Melaleuca alternifolia)		6.8L	<sup>5</sup> Apply at time of planting and soon after harvesting. For Ground Application: Apply in 200-450 L water /ha.
				For Aerial Application: Apply in 30-50L water/ha. Use only closed mixing/loading systems.
				See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS for further instructions.
Turf Established Common couch Hybrid couch		Wintergrass ( <i>Poa</i> annua) Annual ryegrass	4L	Apply prior to germination of the weeds (usually from late summer to mid autumn, February to May).
Kikuyu	(Lolium spp.)		Apply every 16 weeks from early February to the end of August.	
				The product should be incorporated by 10 – 15 mm of spray irrigation or rainfall as soon as possible, at least within one day of application.
				Allow at least 18 weeks between last application and overseeding/oversowing.
				DO NOT apply by aircraft or through any type of irrigation equipment.
		Crabgrass Chickweed		Apply prior to germination of the weeds (usually from early spring, September to December)
				Apply every 16 weeks from early September to the end of February.
				The product should be incorporated by 10 – 15 mm of spray irrigation or rainfall as soon as possible, at least within one day of application.
				Allow at least 18 weeks between last application and overseeding/oversowing.
				DO NOT apply by aircraft or through any type of irrigation equipment.

Crop Group	Weeds Controlled	Rate /ha	Critical Comments
Turf Newly planted	Wintergrass (Poa annua)	2.4L	Apply within the first 24 to 48 hours of the stolons being planted.
(i.e. line planted or sprigged)	Annual ryegrass ( <i>Lolium</i> spp.)		The product should be incorporated by 10 – 15 mm of spray irrigation or rainfall as soon
common couch, hybrid couch and	Crabgrass Chickweed		as possible, at least within one day of application.
kikuyu.	Chickweed		Apply every 8 weeks from planting; a maximum of 3 applications can be made from planting.
			Allow at least 10 weeks between last application and overseeding/oversowing.
			Note: the area that is being line planted or sprigged with stolons should be sprayed out with a non selective herbicide prior to planting.
			DO NOT apply by aircraft or through any type of irrigation equipment.

Industrial areas and Rights of way    Grasses: Barnyard Grass Guinea grass Love grass Paradoxa grass Spiny burr grass (Gentle Annie / Innocent Weed) Summer grass (Crabgrass 3) Wintergrass (Poa annua) Annual Rye Grass (Lolium Spp)    Grasses: Barnyard Grass Guinea grass Love grass Paradoxa grass Spiny burr grass (Crabgrass 3) Wintergrass (Poa annua) Annual Rye Grass (Lolium Spp)    Grasses: Barnyard Grass Guinea grass Short term control (up to 4 months) 4.5L   Control (up to 4 months) 4.5L   Control (Gele Annie / Innocent Weed) Summer grass (Crabgrass 3) Wintergrass (Poa annua) Annual Rye Grass (Lolium Spp)   Gr	Crop Group	Weeds Controlled	Rate /ha	Critical Comments
Broadleaf Weeds: Deadnettle Fathen Fumitory Portulaca (Pigweed) Sowthistle Wireweed (Hogweed) Chick weed  Brassica species:  Blackberry nightshade Caltrop Paddy melon Silverleaf nightshade	and	Barnyard Grass Guinea grass Love grass Pigeon grass Paradoxa grass Spiny burr grass (Gentle Annie / Innocent Weed) Summer grass (Crabgrass ³) Wintergrass (Poa annua) Annual Rye Grass (Lolium Spp)  Broadleaf Weeds: Deadnettle Fathen Fumitory Portulaca (Pigweed) Sowthistle Wireweed (Hogweed) Chick weed  Brassica species: ⁴ Blackberry nightshade Caltrop Paddy melon	control (up to 4 months) 4.5L  Long term control (6-8 months)	using boomspray equipment.  DO NOT apply by aircraft or through any type of irrigation equipment.  For adequate incorporation a rainfall event of at least 15mm is required to move Cameo 500 Flowable Herbicide into the soil.  3 Western Australia only:  Apply early in summer for crabgrass ( <i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i> ) control and incorporation with overhead irrigation.  4 Control of these weeds may range from poor to excellent depending upon soil temperature, time of germination, depth of weed seed in the soil and amount and timing

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHODLING PERIOD: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED

TURF: DO NOT graze treated turf/lawn or feed turf/grass clippings from any treated area to poultry or livestock.

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

Agricrop Cameo 500 Flowable Herbicide is a pre-emergent surface applied herbicide, which will control the specified annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in the situations listed.

**Soil Preparation**: Areas to be treated should be free of established weeds. Remove or thoroughly mix trash (weed residue, prunings etc.) into the soil before applying the product.

<u>Soil Activation</u>: Moisture in the form of rain or sprinkler irrigation (10-15mm) is required within 21 days of application to activate the product otherwise efficacy may be reduced. If moisture is not received within the period, incorporate the product into the top 2.5cm of soil(excluding established turf and newly planted turf).

**Turf**: Mechanical incorporation is not possible. Moisture in the form of rain or sprinkler irrigation (10-15mm) is therefore required within 21 days of application to activate the product otherwise efficacy may be reduced.

#### **MIXING**

The required amount of Agricrop Cameo 500 Flowable Herbicide should be added to half-full spray tank and agitated well during completion of filling. Do not leave spray solutions to stand over night.

#### **APPLICATION**

**Ground Application/Boomspray:** Apply Agricrop Cameo 500 Flowable Herbicide in 200 to 450 litres water per hectare. Apply uniformly, especially within the dripline of trees and shrubs, so that application above label rates does not occur. Use a properly calibrated low pressure (170 to 340 kPa) herbicide sprayer. Provide good by-pass or other agitation of the spray suspension in the tank before and during application. Soil treated with this product may be shallow cultivated without loss of herbicidal activity.

**Turf: Ground Application:** Spray nozzles should be uniformly spaced and of the same size, and should provide accurate and uniform application. Use spray nozzles that produce a MEDIUM spray quality. To ensure accuracy, calibrate sprayer before use and calibrate frequently. Apply at a volume of 200 to 450 L of water per hectare. Higher volumes should be used for severe weed infestations to ensure adequate spray coverage.

Good even coverage with the spray is essential for optimum weed control. Observe sprayer nozzles frequently during the spraying operation to ensure that the spray pattern is uniform. Avoid overlapping of spray runs. Avoid application under conditions when uniform coverage cannot be obtained or when spray drift may occur.

DO NOT apply aerially(except Tea-Tree plantations) or through any type of irrigation system or equipment.

When spraying avoid overlapping, and shut off spray booms while starting, turning slowing and when stopped. Neglecting these procedures will cause higher rates of application resulting in crop damage. Delay spraying if heavy rain is expected within a few hours.

**Tea-Tree: Aerial Application**: Apply by fixed wing aircraft or helicopter using only closed mixing/loading systems. Use accurately calibrated equipment to deliver 30-50L water/ha. DO NOT apply with smaller than coarse spray droplets according to the ASABE S572 definition for standard nozzles.

### INTRUCTIONS TO AVOID SPRAY DRIFT

DO NOT allow spray to drift onto adjacent turf sites or ornamental plants as even small amounts may injure sensitive plants. When drift may be a problem, take steps to reduce spray drift including: DO NOT spray if wind is greater than 10 km/hr or if winds are gusting.

Use extreme caution when conditions are favourable for drift, i.e. high temperatures and low relative humidity, especially when sensitive plants are located nearby. All plants not listed as turf species, under Crop section on this label should be considered as sensitive plants.

If sensitive plants are downwind, extreme caution must be used under all conditions. Drift from applications of this herbicide is likely to result in damage to sensitive plants adjacent to the treatment site.

**Ground Application:** 

- DO NOT apply unless there is a 30 metre downwind buffer distance between the treated areas and native vegetation.
- DO NOT apply unless there is a 10 metre downwind buffer distance between the area being sprayed and natural water bodies.

#### **COMPATIBILITY**

Agricrop Cameo 500 Flowable Herbicide is compatible with paraquat, glyphosate, oxyfluorfen and simazine.

# **RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING**

GROUP D HERBICIDE

Agricrop Cameo 500 Flowable Herbicide is a member of the dinitroaniline group of herbicides. Agricrop Cameo 500 Flowable Herbicide has the inhibition of tubulin formation mode of action. For weed resistance management, Agricrop Cameo 500 Flowable Herbicide is a Group D herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to the product Herbicide and other Group D herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Agricrop Cameo 500 Flowable Herbicide or other Group D herbicides.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Agricrop Pty. Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Agricrop Cameo 500 Flowable Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

Strategies to minimise the risk of herbicide resistance are available. Contact your farm chemical supplier, consultant, local Department of Agriculture or Agricrop representative.

#### PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

When applying spray, avoid contact with leaves and other parts of trees and vines. Do not apply under weather conditions or from spraying equipment that may result in chemical movement by spray drift or storm run-off drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures.

# PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

Very toxic to aquatic life. Do NOT contaminate wetlands or watercourses with product or used containers.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Keep out of reach of children.

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.

If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and deliver empty packaging for appropriate disposal to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty container or product.

# **SAFETY DIRECTIONS**

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not inhale spray mist.

#### **FIRST AID**

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia: 13 11 26).

#### MSDS

Additional information is listed in the Material Safety Data Sheet that can be obtained from the supplier.

#### **CONDITIONS OF SALE**

The use of Agricrop Cameo 500 Flowable Herbicide being beyond the control of the manufacturer, no warranty expressed or implied is given by Agricrop Pty Ltd regarding its suitability, fitness or efficiency for any purpose for which it is used by the buyer, whether in accordance with the directions or not and Agricrop Pty Ltd accepts with no responsibility for any consequences whatsoever resulting from the use of this product.

In an Emergency Dial 000 Police or Fire Brigade

Batch Number: Date of Manufacture: